



## **How to Grow Sagittaria**

**Position** – Full sun

**Soil** – Poorly-drained

**Flowering Period** – Summer

**Hardiness** – Fully Hardy

### **About Sagittaria**

Sagittaria are marginal plants with thick, strong stems and attractive lance-shaped foliage. During the summer, delicate white flowers emerge in clumps. Sagittaria are best suited to low maintenance or wildlife gardens. You should expect to see Sagittaria grow to an approximate height of 50-100cm (20-40") and a height of 10-50cm (4-20").

### **How to plant Sagittaria**

Sagittaria are best planted in poorly-drained soil of clay, sand or loam within an acidic, alkaline or neutral PH balance. As these plants are marginal, they will require planting in a pond or similar environment. This plant will grow best in full sun where it will produce a neat and compact habit.

### **How to care for Sagittaria**

Sagittaria are extremely low maintenance plants. Trim just above the water surface after the foliage has died back to keep a neat and tidy shape.

### **How to propagate Sagittaria**

It is possible to propagate Sagittaria by seed or by runners during summer. Alternatively, you can plant overwintered tubers during the spring.